

RIVERTOWN WINDS DOWN WITH BEIRUT AND VINCENT

## The Best Is Yet to Come

BY DAVID BRAUER

AFTER COMPLETING ONE OF ITS MOST CRITically and financially solid runs, the 6th Annual Rivertown Film Festival comes to a close this week.

Dominic and Eugene, the highly acclaimed Tom Hulce-Ray Liotta-Mike Farrell film, will close the official festival Saturday night, with Liotta and director Robert Young present. After that, a three-day "Best of the Fest" program will hold forth Sunday through Tuesday.

At press time, films scheduled for the "best of" program (which also includes holdovers and late arrivals) include Made in Argentina, The Highest Court, Matter of Life and Death, The Old Well, Muller's Bureau, Heat and Sunlight, Coeurs Flambes, X, Tomorrow There Was a War, Non-Professionals, Vampires in Hauana, Kitchen Toto, Jonahs, and Late Summer Blues. Call the U Film Society at 627-4430 for the exact times and places.

Before that final curtain drops, though, there are two outstanding films on the last week's schedule.

Beirut: The Lost Home Movie (Wednesday, 7:30 p.m., Willey Hall 125) is an almost perverse look at Lebanese Christian aristocrats who choose to stay in their battered Beirut mansion although it's a mere 1,200 yards from the main battle lines.

American director Jennifer Fox followed Gaby Bustros, a friend and co-worker, as she returned to a family and place she had left behind. The surreality of a mansion and aristocracy amid the carnage is not lost on Bustros. She's been in America long enough to ponder the war from a safe distance and, always the black sheep, she's felt a certain frustration with her family's noble tenacity. Now, returning to them in the middle of a war, she linds the perversity overwhelming.

Bustros returned after hearing a news report about a mortar landing in the mansion's
backyard. As she arrives home (after negotiating a series of military checkpoints), she discovers that the mansion is both a prison and
a refuge: Bombs have shattered most of the
exterior windows, but the few upper-class
Lebanese remaining inside have become an



A SCENE FROM THE POWERFUL VINCENT

Hiding from the war, the Bustros family has turned inward, contemplating the most intimate details of family relations. Imagine being trapped in the family home with your parents and siblings — with bombs going oil now and then — and you have some idea of the neurotic pressure-cooker inside. Because of this, the film is sometimes wearing these people are necessarily self-indulgent, but at times their dialogues run on enough to remind you of conventional home movies.

Yet despite the choking family ties, there's also a bond formed by their stubbornress. In the film's most Fellini esque moment, the only son decides to get married, and the family unhesitatingly plans to throw a grand wedding. The seeming folly becomes a triumph of the human spirit, and of iron-strong familial ties. It is the flip side of the bloody stubbornness that keeps Beirut burning.

Fox's camera only fleetingly catches life outside the mansion, but those glimpses too, are revealing — the rich kids sliding out for an auto race as missiles slam into former luxury hotels. To her credit, Fox keeps the fighting in the picture, but only as a backdrop to this truly bizarre, intriguingly original look

at life during wartime.

One of the fest's true must-sees is Vincent (Friday, 7 p.m., and Saturday, 5:30 p.m., Bell Auditorium), a humanizing documentary on painter Vincent van Gogh's life from Dutch-Australian director Paul Cox.

Using letters van Gogh wrote to his broth and patron, Theo, Cox creates a more corplex portrait than the conventional crazy, or earred, palate/knife bio.

Actor John Hurt reads the letters, whitrace van Gogh's beginnings as a minister hopeful (!) to his evolution as a painter. In tearly letters, it becomes clear that van Gois passionately tapped in to the idea of higher truth. The rest of the film is a defitive portrait of the joys and depressions of endless search for meaning.

More and more, it becomes clear that tragedy of van Gogh's life was his relentleness. Any artist can relate to the epiph experienced by van Gogh when he real that he can paint. "I no longer stand na before nature," he writes simply, as C camera caresses the brush strokes of an

Perhaps because he is asking for mo van Gogh does not hesitate to praise him in his letters, but the price of self-realization is that he increasingly knows his higher quasiconsumed his human existence.

The letters cover van Gogh's periods of sanity more in terms of this artistic diletthan in any specific explanation of whacked off his ear (it's only referred obliquely, once).

Backed by the artist's surprisingly st words (we can only hope he wrote as we translation), Cox's languorous pictoral st are intoxicating. From van Gogh's first we to the blue period, it's art history made (here, film seems to be the second-best to see a painting). The director buttrethese shots with views of the actual loca van Gogh painted.

The only flaw in the director's work is he tries to recreate historical scenes from Gogh's time with Australian actors. Her film is too literal and, as a result, less vi honest; viewers are jarred, brought from metaphysical into the stagey. The scene tract from, but aren't enough to ruin the Like the works on which it is based, V is still vivid.